# FLEX prototyping

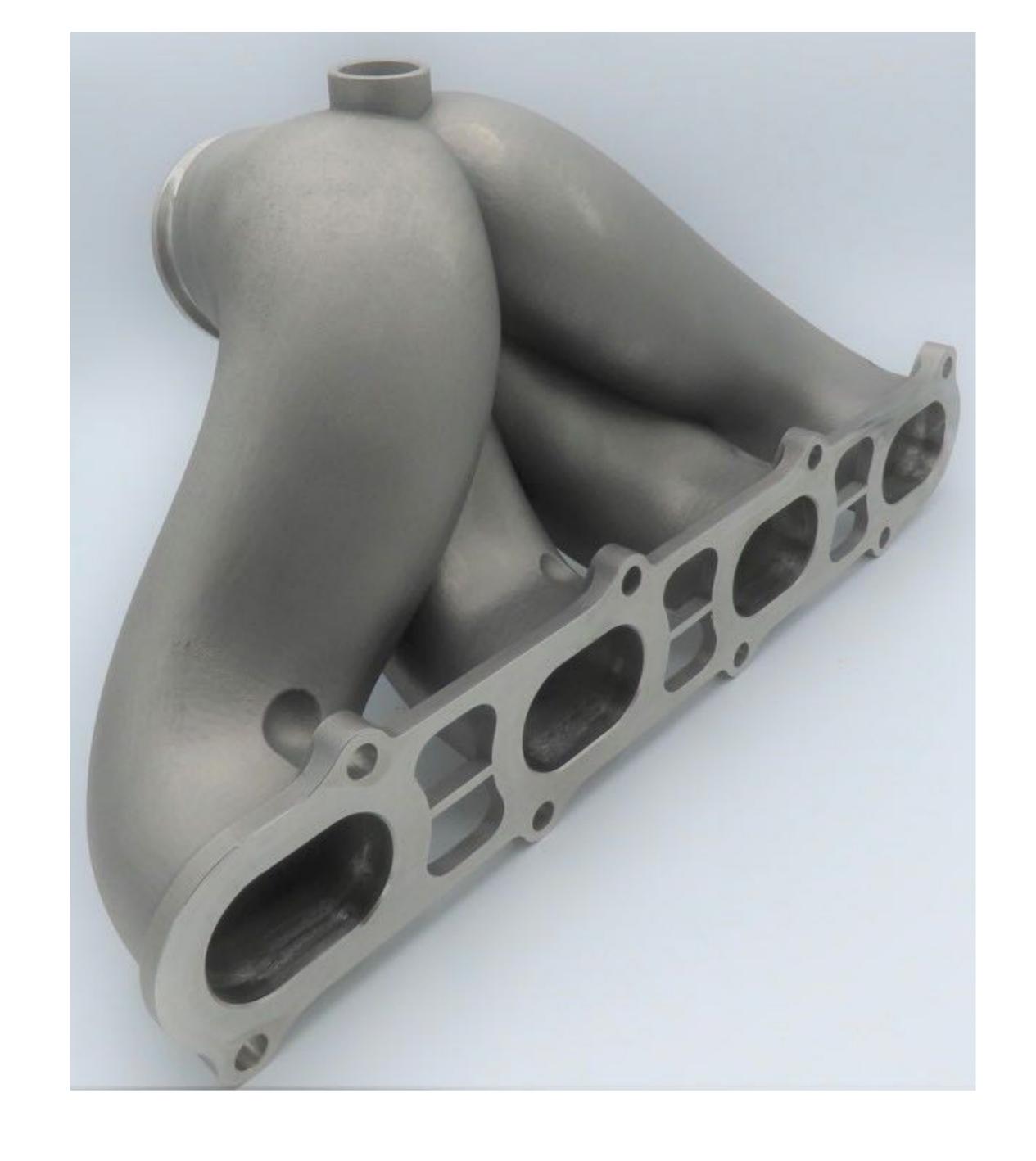
**Project Exhaust Manifold** 

- lower weight
- higher temperature resistance
- easier to rework
- cheper in production

# **Exhaust Manifold**3d printed

• Size: 355mm x 260mm x 210mm

Material: 316L



# **Exhaust Manifold**Why 316L?

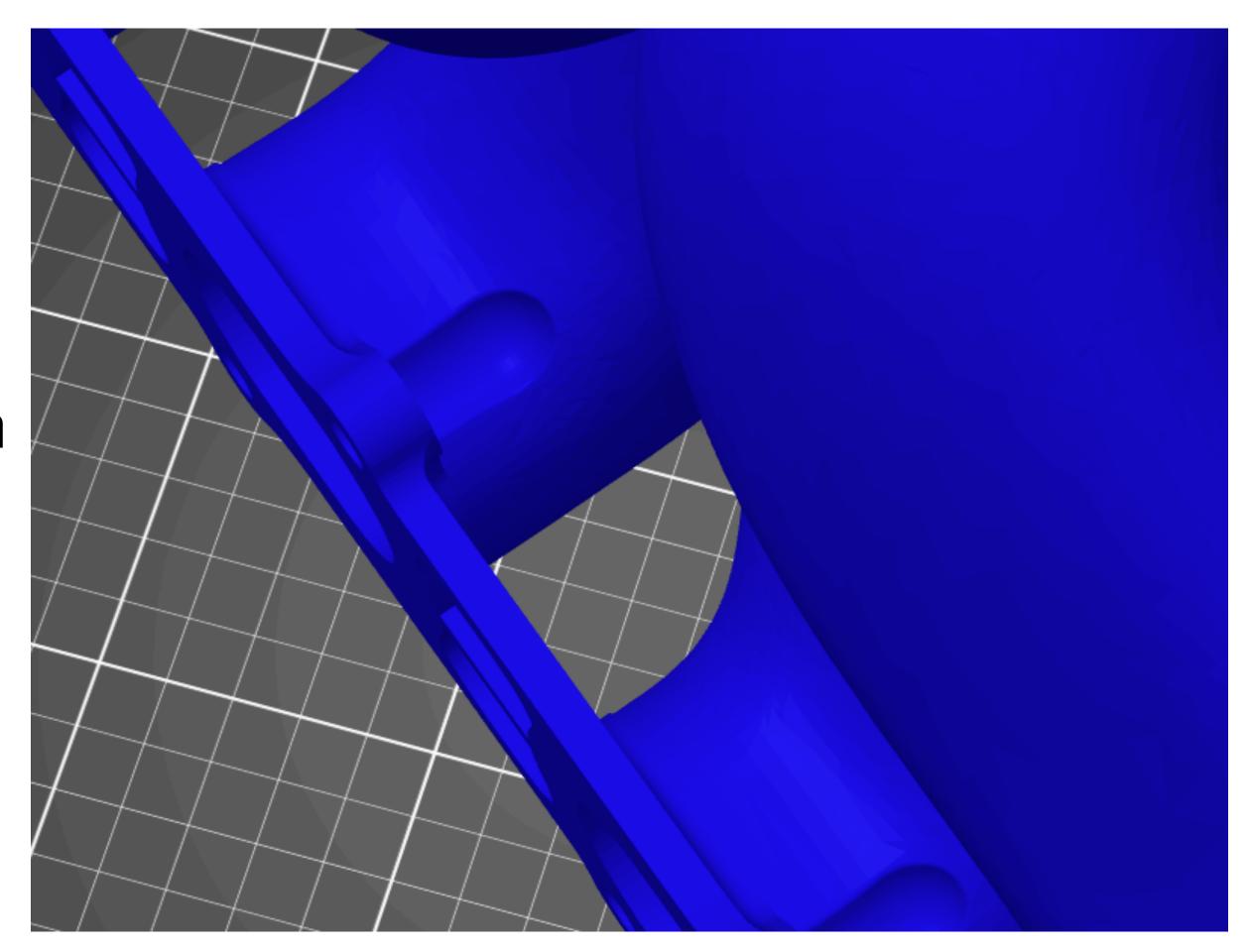
- Easier to rework than Inconel
- Cheaper
- Good material properties



## Exhaust Manifold

#### How to save weight?

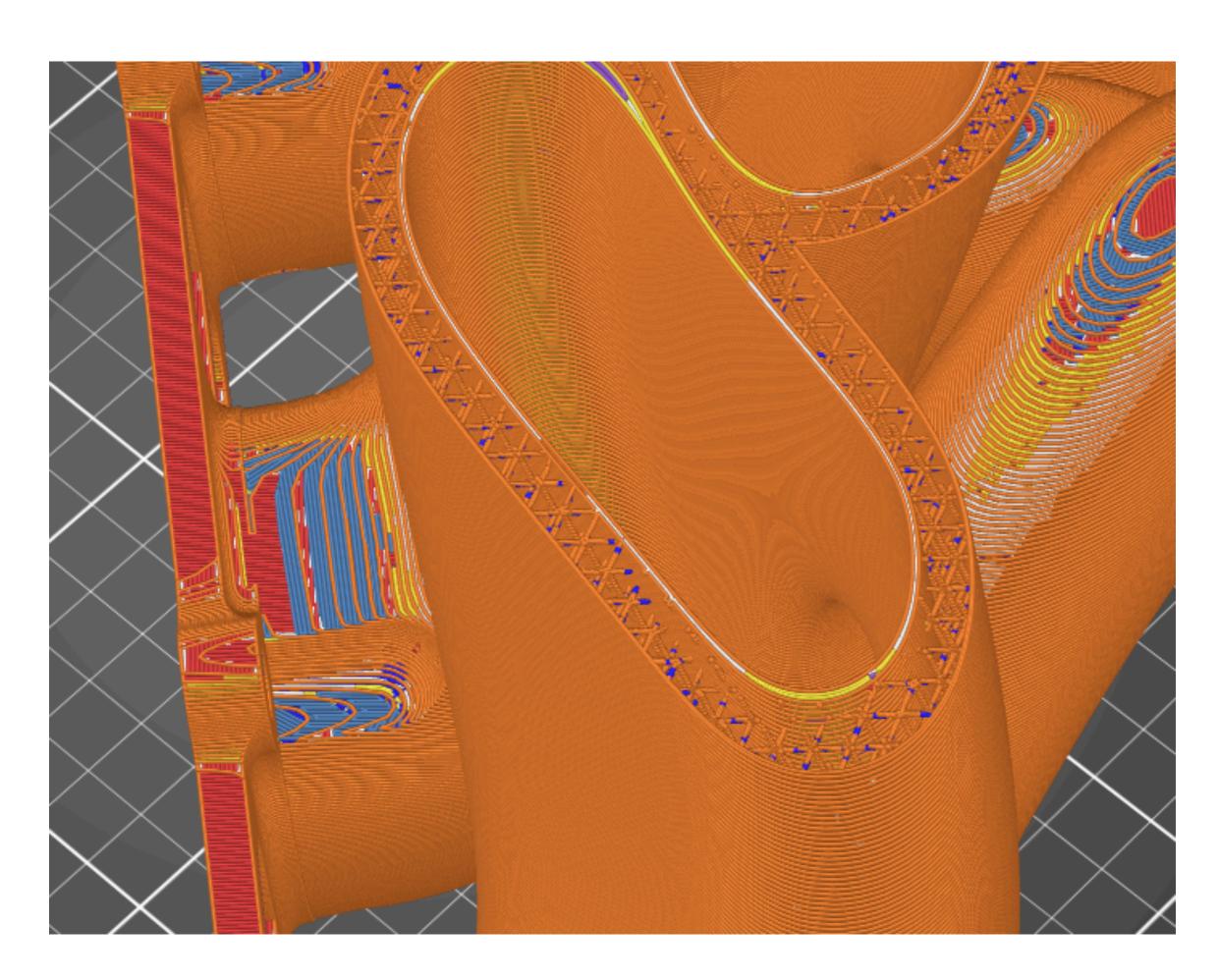
- Create hollow structures
- Minimize wall thickness to 0,7mm from 1,4 mm
- Use a lighter Material = 316l vs Inconel 718



### **Exhaust Manifold**

#### How to get the part high temperature resistance with 316L?

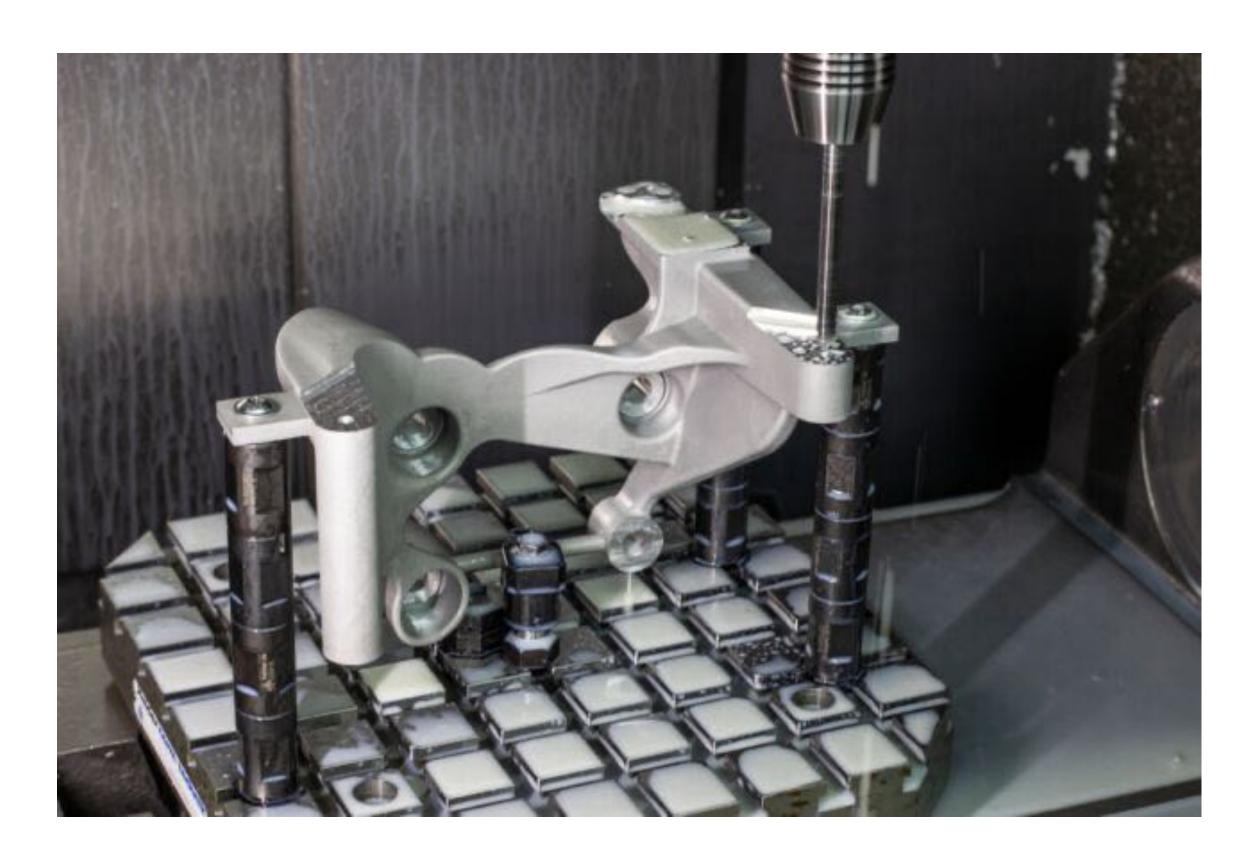
- Created a double wall System for air circulation
- Use the double wall System as a heat shield and to dissipate the heat
- Result: the manifold can withstand 1400 degrees on a long term test bench without any problems



### ExhaustManifold

#### Why easier to rework?

- Due to the fact of using 316l about Inconel 718 the part is much easier to handle in cnc machining
- Due to process optimizing in 3d positioning the part doesn't have to rework as much



## **Exhaust Manifold**

#### Why is it cheaper in production?

- Cheaper price for 316L material than Inconel 718
- Faster printing time due to shorter exposure time
- Easier and faster to rework due to material properties

